

believed that all serious danger of internal disorders is removed.

Owing to the absence of M. Tzoukaki, the new cabinet will not take the oath until tomorrow.

M. Delanais appears to be assured of a majority in the legislative assembly, but it is probable that he will support the cabinet.

The new ministers, on the other hand, are confident of obtaining a working majority, owing to defections from their opponents. The city tonight is exceedingly quiet.

**IS FOR GREECE FIRST.**

London, April 29.—The Athens correspondent of the Times had an interview today with M. Delanais, who declared that he would use his influence with his followers not to hamper the new cabinet, as the present time was pre-eminently unsuitable for internal discord. He said he had declined to offer his resignation, because to have done so would have been cowardly. The cabinet desired to remain in office to take all the consequences of its acts and to have an opportunity to defend its policy.

**RALLI'S POLICY.**

London, April 29.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Athens has an interview with M. Ralli this afternoon, during which the Greek statesman outlined his policy. M. Ralli said:

"My policy will consist in the reorganization of the army, whose recuperative forces are practically inexhaustible, and the re-establishment of order, together with a satisfactory solution of our foreign relations. We refuse to accept a mandate from the king or from the chamber. We must have an absolutely free hand."

**THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.**

Athens, April 29.—The legislative assembly, convened in extraordinary session, met a second time last evening and again adjourned, owing to a lack of quorum, only ninety-five deputies being present and 194 being the number necessary to proceed with business. The adjournment was followed by much excitement and cries of disapproval from the galleries.

After the adjournment the premier, M. Delanais, had a long conference with the king and the opposition deputies held a prolonged meeting but the conference broke up without deciding upon a program.

A crowd of fully 10,000 people surrounded Parliament House where the deputies assembled and many of the outsiders swarmed up the steps and invaded the vestibules. The throngs there and in the streets eagerly discussed the situation.

**RALLI ARRIVES FIRST.**

M. Ralli, the former minister and leader of the opposition, was among the first of the deputies to arrive. He was cheered and accompanied by other members of the opposition. The crowd generally maintained the sullen demeanor engendered by the depressing news of the past few days.

The ministers reached Parliament house in closed carriages. The crowd slowly opened a way to allow them to pass and respectfully saluted the occupants of the vehicles. The public galleries of the house were thronged, among those present being many ladies and members of the diplomatic corps. When the president of the legislative assembly, M. Zalmis, owing to the absence of a quorum, declared the sitting closed, the announcement was greeted with exclamations of impatience from the members of the opposition and with cries of disapproval from the galleries.

**RALLI QUIETS THEM.**

As the excitement increased, M. Ralli, rising to his feet, motioned to his supporters to remain calm. His advice was followed and the deputies filed out of the house.

The opposition deputies proceeded to a committee room, where they consulted upon the failure of the session. The fruitless session was a very great disappointment to the crowds outside of the house, who were waiting to hear the result of the deliberations of the deputies.

The ministerialists declared that an extraordinary session of the legislative assembly was impracticable at this time. It was useless to hope for a quorum today, as many of the deputies were with the army at the front and could not reach the capital in time to attend.

On the other hand, the members of the opposition cited the names of the supporters of the government who, although in Athens last evening, did not attend the assembly of deputies at Parliament house.

After the sitting of yesterday the impatient crowds called upon the members of the opposition to appear and make a statement. M. Palzer, a well known member of the opposition party in the legislative assembly, was especially called upon by the crowds to address them, but although he was apparently the first choice of the people, it was M. Valletta who, from the top of the great steps leading into Parliament House, made a speech to the people.

**TO SATISFY THE MOB.**

M. Valletta said in part:

"In view of the desertion of the government, the chamber and the country look to the king to do his duty and extend public order. Have confidence in the opposition, which is watching over the highest interests of the country."

These words, uttered with great emphasis and significance, were greeted with frantic applause, which was shortly afterwards renewed on the appearance of M. Ralli. The crowd gave the popular leader a tremendous ovation. Six thousand people escorted him to his house. On arriving there the crowds insisted upon a speech and M. Ralli appeared upon a balcony, whence he made a brief speech in the course of which he said:

"The government, by its desertion, has committed suicide. It is our duty to maintain order and show that we are fighting for our homes."

This sentiment caused the crowds to burst out into cheering, after which the people dispersed to their homes.

**WILL GO WHEN TOLD TO.**

M. Delanais, the Greek premier, in an interview today said that the fact that there was no quorum in the legislative assembly today was due to the absence of opposition deputies, and he expressed the hope that enough deputies would be present today to enable the house to proceed to business. Continuing, he said:

"We shall submit to the decisions of the house. We can not leave the posts the nation has assigned to us. I do not admit that we have failed in our duty in any way during this momentous time through which we are passing. We have not resigned and will not resign unless the chamber declares that it withdraws its confidence from us. Nothing except a vote of want of confidence upon the part of the chamber or an expression of want of confidence upon the part of the crown will induce us to relinquish the government of the country."

**AND STILL NO QUORUM.**

Athens, April 29.—The evening session

## RHEUMATISM

Gout, Diabetes and Bright's Disease are caused by Uric Acid and other impurities in the blood, which have not been filtered out by the kidneys through the urine.

These diseases can be CURED

Athens, Kan., Jan. 12, 1898.

I received the box of Sparagus Kidney Pills that you sent me, and gave them a trial in a case of rheumatism. They are a good thing. I hope they will prove successful in other doctor's hands as well as in mine. A. S. Gish, M. D.

## HOBBS' Sparagus Kidney Pills

Hobbs Remedy Co., Proprietors, Chicago.

of the legislative assembly was attended by only forty deputies. In the absence of a quorum, the president adjourned the chamber, after which crowds paraded the streets shouting "Long live Admiral Canaris!" There was no other incident of special importance.

**GREECE MUST NEEDS OBEY.**

Paris, April 29.—A member of the diplomatic corps of high standing, in an interview, is quoted as saying:

"While Greece will not ask for intervention, it is impossible for her to prolong resistance, owing to the condition of her finances. Therefore it is probable that the Greek government will now obey the summons of Europe and the Turkish evacuation of Thessaly and the Greek evacuation of the island of Crete will be carried out simultaneously."

"The financial question will be considered. Greece will probably be given a judicial council enabling the giving of guarantees to the German bondholders and providing Turkey with an indemnity for expenses of mobilizing her troops."

From other sources it is reported that the Turkish government is ready to negotiate for a cessation of the war, assenting to the establishment of the status quo ante-bellum with the proclamation of autonomy for Crete.

**HONORABLE EXPLAINS.**

Paris, April 29.—At a cabinet meeting today the minister of foreign affairs, M. Honoreux, explained the course of events in the east and the progress of the negotiations of the powers to bring about a settlement of the disputes between Turkey and Greece.

**WHAT TURKEY WANTS.**

London, April 29.—All talk now, says the Daily Times' Berlin correspondent, is of the turning point of the powers. Even Germany wishes to save Greece from the consequences of defeat, and it is said in Berlin official circles that the powers will intervene of their own initiative if Greece does not invite them.

According to a dispatch from Constantinople to the Lokal Anzeiger, the sultan will accept the following conditions as the basis for peace: The withdrawal of the Greek troops from Crete, and the re-establishment of the frontier of 1831, Greece to be excluded from all the advantages of capitulations and to pay indemnities.

The Daily Mail's correspondent says that the news from Greece continues alarming, and he understands that a Russian ship is lying at Piræus, the port of Athens, ready to embark the royal family.

**PRIVATELY ADDRESSED.**

London, April 29.—The Rome correspondent of the Chronicle says it is asserted at the Italian foreign office that Greece has privately addressed France, England and Russia for the purpose of invoking their mediation between her and Turkey.

**ONLY THE STATUS QUO.**

London, April 29.—The Times correspondent at St. Petersburg has had an interview with a high official who accompanied Emperor Francis Joseph on his visit to the czar. The official said that the emperor was greatly gratified by the results of his visit and he added that there will be no change in the eastern policy of the European concert. The keynote of the situation was the necessity of a prompt return to the status quo in both Crete and Greece. The official assured the Times correspondent that the European concert was equally desirous of supporting the dynasty in Greece.

**NO FRIENDS TO TURKEY.**

London, April 29.—The Daily Mail correspondent at Paris has had an interview with the ambassador of one of the powers of the dreibund, who emphatically denied that any "accord" exists between the triple alliance and Turkey. The ambassador declared that not even Germany had entered into a treaty with the sultan.

**POWERS WILL PREVENT.**

London, April 29.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Rome says that the powers will oppose by force, if necessary, the blockade or bombardment of Salonica, in view of the damage that would be done to foreign commerce. It is believed in Rome that the new Greek ministry will treat for peace in the hope of preserving the territorial integrity of Greece.

**FIGHTING WITHIN.**

Salonica, April 29.—Advices received here from Larissa say that during the stampede of the soldiery and populace from the city on the approach of the Turks. There was a serious encounter between Italian volunteers and Greek soldiers, during which many of the latter were wounded and several children killed.

**WOMEN AND CHILDREN DIE.**

Rome, April 29.—A dispatch from Athens to the Messager says that 600 women and children died during the terrible retreat from Thessaly to Larissa.

**"ORDER" AT LARISSA.**

Athens, April 29.—The telegraph operator at Pharsalos has learned from the operator at Larissa that order prevails there and that women and children are returning to the town.

**TURKS ON GREEK SOIL.**

Constantinople, April 29.—It is announced that the first division of the Turkish army at Ellassona has entered Greek territory from the vicinity of Ioannina and has captured the town of Zarkos, an important Greek base of operations about eighteen miles west of Larissa and about half-way between that place and Trikkala. Large quantities of ammunition fell into the hands of the Turks.

Washington, April 29.—The Turkish legation has received from the foreign office at Constantinople the following dispatch, dated the 28th instant: "The first division, army of Ellassona, proceeding toward Trikkala, has just entered Zarkos. Great quantities of ammunition of war fell into the hands of the imperial troops."

**GREEKS HAVE THE BEST OF IT.**

Athens, April 29.—The fighting between the Greeks and Turks at Velosino, at the junction of the railroad connecting this port with Larissa and Pharsalos, was only a series of skirmishes, which

resulted favorably to the Greeks. Velosino is about ten miles west of Volo.

**FIGHT BEYOND VELOSINO.**

Athens, April 29.—(11 p. m.)—The correspondent of the Associated Press says that, according to a dispatch from Pharsalos, General Smolenski's brigade has been engaged since 1 o'clock this morning in a fierce conflict with the Turkish army beyond Velosino, in the direction of Aevae. A battalion of Evzones and a battery of artillery have been sent to reinforce the Greeks, whose position appears to be favorable. Evlae is seven miles southwest of Velosino and close to the railway connecting that place with Pharsalos. It is just midway between Velosino and the Greek headquarters. If defeated there in the engagement which began this afternoon, the Greeks, it is expected, will retire on Dokomos.

**TURKS ATTACK PHARSALOS.**

London, April 29.—The Athens correspondent of the Standard says: The Turkish army or its advance guard has followed up the success before Larissa and at 6 o'clock this evening (Thursday) began an attack in force on the Greek positions at Pharsalos.

**TURKS IN TRIKKALA.**

Athens, April 29.—(1 a. m.)—A dispatch just received from Pharsalos, dated yesterday (Thursday) at 4 p. m., says that a Turkish army corps from Larissa has occupied Trikkala unresisted.

Athens, April 30.—The Greeks have fallen back on Pharsalos. Railway communication between Volo and Pharsalos has been restored. The advance guard of the Turkish advance has moved forward from all points and taken up various positions on the Thessalian plain. Both armies are now in immediate contact, and a great battle is believed to be in view. The courage of the Greek army is reviving. Crown Prince Constantine is visiting the various camps and inspiring confidence and hope.

**TO RECALL EVERYTHING.**

London, April 29.—Mr. Henry Norman, the Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Athens, says:

"I have the very best reason to believe that Greece is now disposed to recall her forces from Epirus, and even to evacuate the island of Crete. Two hundred thousand women and children are homeless and destitute in Thessaly and the government is unable to relieve their needs."

**THE TURKISH SQUADRON.**

Constantinople, April 29.—In military circles it is further urged that a Turkish squadron should be dispatched to Volo to support Edhem Pasha's occupation of that district of Greece. The Turkish squadron, however, has not yet left the Dardanelles and the captain of an Austrian mailship which has just arrived here reports that three of the Turkish warships and one of the Turkish torpedo boats have run aground in the Dardanelles. The Austrian captain adds that one of these warships is in a serious position, as the sea is breaking over her. It is believed that the war vessels collided during the progress of naval maneuvers.

The German ambassador, Baron Saurma von Jeltsch, had an audience with the sultan today.

**FOREIGN FLAGSHIP FLOAT.**

Volo, April 29.—This town is almost completely evacuated by the Greeks. The women and children have been taken away en masse by sea. The foreign consulates have hoisted their flags. British and Italian ironclads are at anchor in the harbor.

**WILL NOT BOMBARD.**

Vienna, April 29.—It is officially announced that Greece has assured the British and French ministers at Athens that the Greek fleet will not bombard Salonica.

**PEACE CONCLUDED.**

Rome, April 29.—The Secolo, of Milan, publishes a dispatch from Athens saying that peace between Turkey and Greece has been concluded.

**PORTE DENIES CRUELTY.**

Constantinople, April 29.—The following official statement was issued here today:

"The Sublime Porte formally contradicts the rumors of atrocities committed by the imperial troops at Filipaida and also the report of the mutiny of the Albanians. The repeated testimony of all the correspondents of foreign papers at headquarters and the admiration they express for the discipline, humane feeling, bravery and moderation of the Ottoman soldiers prove these accusations to be totally unfounded and due to the imagination of people whose malice equals their mendacity. Edhem Pasha has taken all the measures necessary to suppress every kind of abuse. The alleged mutiny is absolutely contrary to fact."

**TURKEY IS PUFFED UP.**

The victories of the Turkish troops have enormously raised the military spirit of the Turks and the confidence thus inspired in Turkey's vitality is removing the dissatisfaction felt with the present regime, while at the same time it renders the powers' schemes for reforms for the empire harder of realization. The advances which Turkey will derive from the King who Turkey has signed a great war are already decreasing in high quarters, where it is declared that Turkey should in any case be released from the obligations imposed upon her in regard to Crete and the rectification of the frontier. It is also suggested and urged that Cape Punta, opposite Preveza, at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, should be restored to Turkey and that Greece should be required to pay a big indemnity.

**TURKISH EXQUISITORS.**

Berlin, April 29.—A special to the Nord Deutsche Zeitung from Athens says that King George has signed a decree withdrawing the expatriations of all the Turkish consuls in Greece.

**ADMIRALS AND INSURGENTS.**

London, April 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Canada says that the admirals of the international fleet visited the insurgents at Atroli and had a prolonged conference with the leaders. Admiral Canavaro informed them of the fall of Larissa and of the retreat of the Greek army. They were greatly moved, and asked to be allowed to go to Greece to fight for King George. The admirals then announced their intention to relax the blockade, which they said, was not intended to starve the island into submission. They assured the insurgents that they would be permitted to come to town, provided they came unarmed, and purchase anything they might need, and, moreover, that they would be furnished with an escort to guard them against any fear of Mussulman attacks.

Washington, April 29.—Senator Orville H. Platt of Connecticut was married today to Mrs. Jennie P. Hoyt of Upper Montclair, N. J. The wedding was at the home of the bride. Very few of the senator's colleagues were aware of his intended nuptials. The announcement of the marriage is a surprise.

**CASTORIA.**

Castoria, April 29.—The evening session

## WHAT WEYLER SAYS

### SEEMS TO GO WITH THE QUEEN REGENT AT MADRID.

Upon the Batcher's Assurance That the Western Part of the Island is "Pacified" Her Majesty Signs the Decree Providing for the Application of the "Reforms" to That Province and Happy Region—McKinley's Cuban Agent-Bayard Scores One on Hay—Las Macarena's "Heresy" Does Not Count—Foreign News.

Madrid, April 29.—The queen regent at a cabinet meeting today signed a decree providing for the application of the agreed upon reforms for the island of Cuba. Her majesty's action was due to the receipt of a cable message from Captain General Weyler announcing that the western part of the island is pacified.

Madrid, April 29.—The queen regent, Maria Christina, is indisposed. Her majesty is suffering from nervous prostration.

Havana, April 29.—News reached here today from Madrid that the queen regent has signed a decree providing for immediately putting into operation the scheme for reforms in Cuba already agreed upon. A mail steamer was detained twenty-four hours at Cadiz in order to carry the decree establishing the work of reform, which will begin in Pinar del Rio, Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara.

**McKINLEY'S CUBAN AGENT.**

Washington, April 29.—W. J. Colhoun, the lawyer of Danville, Ill., who has been selected by President McKinley to represent the United States at the Spanish investigation of Dr. Rios, has accepted the appointment, condition upon the health of his wife, who has been ill, becoming sufficiently improved to permit him to leave this country. Mr. Colhoun is now in Illinois engaged in arranging his private affairs so as to permit him to go to Cuba, and unless his wife's health compels him to decline the post, will return to Washington next week preparatory to sailing for Havana.

**BAYARD CARRIES THE LOG.**

London, April 29.—At the official residence of the bishop of London, the Lord chancellor today formally presented to retiring Ambassador Bayard, the original log of the Mayflower, which it was decided some weeks ago to transmit to the keeping of the state of Massachusetts. Henry White, the present secretary of the American embassy in London, made an effort to have the book turned over to Colonel John Hay, the new ambassador, but the chancellor declined to interfere with the original decree of the council entrusting the book to Mr. Bayard.

**HERSEY SMELLERS BEATEN.**

London, April 29.—The Presbyterian synod in session at Sunderland today formally rejected the petition containing charges of heresy, presented against the Rev. John Watson, D. D. (Ian McLaren), by a vote of 12 to 1, on the ground of its irregularity and the strong feeling shown in the document. The petitioners explained that they desired to avoid a repetition of their letter of the church falling, as once before, into Unitarianism, and added that they would be satisfied if Dr. Watson assured the synod that the statements made against the soundness of his doctrines were false. The synod, however, refused to call even Dr. Watson. Dr. Watson said to a representative of the Associated Press: "I desire through the Associated Press to thank the members of the churches in America who have written to me, or called me, for whose sympathy and kindness I have been very grateful."

**KOCH'S LATEST METHOD.**

Washington, April 29.—Full particulars of Koch's latest development of the method of treating phthisis by a new form of tuberculin is given in a report to the state department by Dean Mason, deputy consul general at Frankfurt. He supplies a confused but sufficiently detailed account of Koch's process of making and administering the remedy, together with a statement of results of practical experiments so far as they have proceeded.

**MAIL STEAMER QUARANTINED.**

Lima, Peru, April 29.—via Galveston, Texas, April 29.—The Chilean steamer Paloma, carrying American mails, is quarantined at Guayaquil, Ecuador. Several cases of yellow fever are reported on board her.

**ALL QUIET IN ECUADOR.**

Lima, Peru, April 29.—via Galveston, Texas, April 29.—An official cable message from Guayaquil announces that the revolt in Ecuador, which is pronounced to have been only a trifling affair, has been suppressed, and that all is now quiet in the republic.

**FRANZ JOSEPH'S RETURN.**

St. Petersburg, April 29.—Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria has started for Vienna.

## RIVER RUNNING DOWN

(Continued from First Page.)

erty which is gone and which was carried down before the wave, however, has been mysteriously spirited away by the elements and will never be recovered. But those things in sight will be shaggy around by the busy hands of the victims of the visitation, and as the sons of Holland who perpetually face a great sea and drive it back, so will these industrious people have their homes in order, before summer, and nothing of the black event in the history of the town will remain but the treasured incidents of the time, which will be re-told so often that they will at last become a commonplace, and the muddy, sluggish river which curls about Guthrie will be looked upon as fearfully as it was before last Wednesday morning.

**THE WEATHER.**

Wichita, Kan., April 29, 1897. Local forecast for Wichita and vicinity: Friday and Saturday fair with warmer after Friday morning.

During the past twenty-four hours the lowest 26 degrees, and the mean 50 degrees, with much colder, clear weather, higher pressure and gentle north winds.

Thus far this month the average temperature has been 56 degrees.

For the past eight years the average temperature for the month of April has been 53 degrees, and for the 26th day 50 degrees.

FRED L. JOHNSON.

**ARMY AND NAVY NEWS.**

Cleveland, O., April 29.—First Lieutenant Rufus H. Lane of the United States cruiser New York, was married today to Miss Gertrude E. Mills, at the home of her parents in Geneva, O.

Washington, D. C., April 29.—Secretary Long has ordered a court of inquiry to proceed to Bremerton, Wash., to report on the facts connected with the grounding of the Oregon recently. The court will be composed of Rear Admiral Kirkland of the Mare Island navy yard, with Lieutenant Harrington as judge advocate. The inquiry was requested by Captain Barker of the Oregon, and from the facts so far known it is surmised that the ship will be relieved from the responsibility for the accident.

Atlanta, Ga., April 29.—The trial of Captain Romeyn before the general court martial convened at Fort McPherson, was continued today. The day was taken up in hearing evidence in rebuttal of that which has been introduced by the accused officer. Very little advance was made, however, as there were numerous objections to the different questions, and in each instance the court room was necessarily cleared for consultation. Captains Wailes, Bailey, Forbes, Tillson, Randall and Burden and Lieutenants Colonel Russell, all of Fort McPherson, testified that they had seen no occasion of the lieutenant and Mrs. O'Brien, or any public display. From present indications the trial will not end before next Monday. Today Captain Romeyn was presented with a magnificent silver loving cup by the members of his company, with the inscription: "Presented to Captain Romeyn by the Members of Company G, Fifth Infantry, in Regard of His Worth as a Soldier and a Gentleman."

**LATE NEWS BY WIRE.**

Dayton, Ohio, April 29.—The Central Union Telephone company has filed a mortgage here to the Illinois Trust and Savings bank for \$3,000,000.

New Orleans, La., April 29.—William P. Nicholls, president of the defunct Bank of Commerce, was tonight convicted of the embezzlement of \$30,000 of the bank's funds.

Middlesboro, Ky., April 29.—News comes from Hancock county, Tenn., that Mary Lulu and John Hatfield were burned to death in a mountain cabin about five miles from Sneedville. Their mother, who is a widow, had gone to a neighbor's house, locking the children in the house.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 29.—W. J. Dunn, a prominent contractor who was charged with forging assignments on city estimates on contracts, entered a plea of guilty on one indictment and was remanded to jail for sentence. There are seventeen other indictments, involving about \$50,000.

Phillips, Wis., April 29.—The rains of last night and today have quenched the fires in the woods around Park Falls. The sawmill and paper mills shut down and the men went out to battle with the fire. One man was fatally injured by a burning tree falling upon him. Much valuable timber has been destroyed.

Omaha, Neb., April 29.—J. S. Bartley, ex-state treasurer, was arraigned in police court at 11 o'clock this morning on a charge of embezzling \$301,000. He pleaded not guilty, and waived examination. He was held to answer in the district court in \$50,000 bail, and went out with the sheriff to try to secure bondsmen.

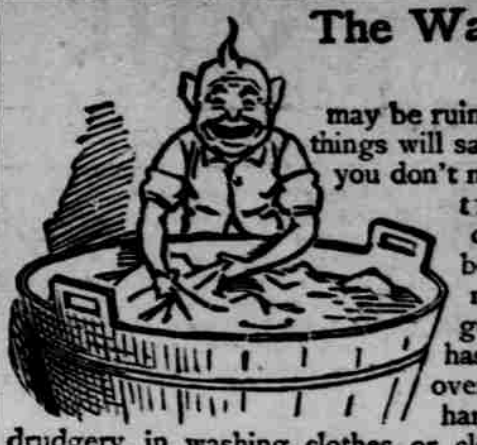
Warrenton, Ohio, April 29.—An engine and fourteen cars of a freight train on the Wheeling and Lake Erie railway went through a bridge near here today, and plunged into a creek. Engineer James Garstetter was scalded to death. Fireman Edward Munn and brakeman C. E. Keyser both received broken legs and were otherwise injured severely.

San Francisco, April 29.—United States Marshall Hall has received word that Black Jack was killed Tuesday in Arizona, eighteen miles west of Clifton, by a posse of deputy marshals. It was at first thought that the man killed was Sid Moore. The body has been identified as that of Black Jack. Big rewards which have been offered for the arrest of Black Jack will be paid to the posse.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 29.—A boiler explosion at Alderman's sawmill in the Kanawha Valley, W. Va., last night killed two men and seriously injured five more. The killed are Perry Deavers and George Conley, and the injured, Z. W. Hickman, Thomas Hickman, William Balton, Vinton Alderman and John McCauley. The three former will probably die. The mill was badly wrecked and the loss will be heavy.

Chicago, April 29.—Harry Randall, a switchman, shot and fatally wounded Harry D. Butler, an unemployed sailor, at the home of the latter's wife on Twenty-fifth street today. Butler, who has not lived with his wife for three years, called on her to effect a reconciliation. A quarrel soon arose and Randall, who boarded at the house, was appealed to for protection by Mrs. Butler.

Sheboygan, Wis., April 29.—The schooner Weilin Frankfort, to Milwaukee, went ashore at 2 p. m. Life savers took off the crew of five, who were thoroughly exhausted. Vessel and cargo will be a complete loss. During the night the three-masted schooner Look-out, of Chicago, was driven ashore four miles north of Two Rivers, Wis. The life saving crew succeeded in rescuing the captain and his seven sailors. The schooner will be a total loss. John Burns, a deck hand, was washed overboard and drowned from the gravel scow Sunas about two miles north of Milwaukee.



## The Washing that's Easy

may be ruinous, perhaps. Plenty of things will save work in washing—if you don't mind more or less harm to the clothes. But if you do mind it, and want to be sure that you're not running any risk—then get Pearline. Pearline has been proved, over and over again, to be absolutely harmless. It saves more drudgery, in washing clothes or cleaning house, than any other thing that's safe to use. You can't afford to use anything that's doubtful.

Send it Back. Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back.

JAMES PYLE, New York.

One Year for 50 cents. One Year for 50 cents.

Wichita Weekly Eagle

Wants to Talk to You.

Tells all the News all the Time

One Year for 50 cents. One Year for 50 cents.

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If it's good printing that's wanted—the best one needs must use extraordinary caution—for in the great city of Wichita the good printers can be counted with one of the smallest figures in the box, while the poor printers are known by the dozens. Specimens of our work prove that we belong with the minority—the good printers.

Good Printing

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Our satisfied patrons delight in telling us that we are the best of the good. An evidence of our superiority we are called upon to print about all the fine printing done in the Southwest. The price, you know, is cheaper for good printing than for poor printing. Inasmuch as poor printing isn't worth anything, we can send a man to figure with you on your next job.

If you want good printing and don't get it, it's your own fault.

We have special facilities for printing Attorneys' Briefs

TO MAKE THE TEST

RAILWAY CONDUCTORS WANT BLACKLISTING PASSED UPON.